300 mA, Low Dropout Voltage Regulator with On/Off Control

The MC33375 series are micropower low dropout voltage regulators available in a wide variety of output voltages as well as packages, SOT-223 and SOP-8. These devices feature a very low quiescent current and are capable of supplying output currents up to 300 mA. Internal current and thermal limiting protection are provided by the presence of a short circuit at the output and an internal thermal shutdown circuit.

The MC33375 has a control pin that allows a logic level signal to turn—off or turn—on the regulator output.

Due to the low input-to-output voltage differential and bias current specifications, these devices are ideally suited for battery powered computer, consumer, and industrial equipment where an extension of useful battery life is desirable.

Features:

- Low Quiescent Current (0.3 μA in OFF mode; 125 μA in ON mode)
- Low Input–to–Output Voltage Differential of 25 mV at I_O = 10 mA, and 260 mV at I_O = 300 mA
- Extremely Tight Line and Load Regulation
- Stable with Output Capacitance of only 0.33 μF for 2.5 V Output Voltage
- Internal Current and Thermal Limiting
- Logic Level ON/OFF Control
- Pb-Free Packages are Available
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Control Changes

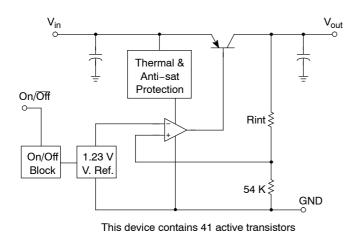


Figure 1. Simplified Block Diagram



ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com

LOW DROPOUT MICROPOWER VOLTAGE REGULATOR

MARKING



SOT-223 ST SUFFIX CASE 318E



DIAGRAMS



SOIC-8 D SUFFIX CASE 751



A = Assembly Location

Y = Year

M = Date Code

L = Wafer Lot

W = Work Week

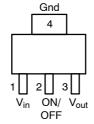
xx = Voltage Version= Pb-Free Package

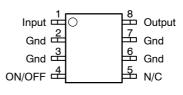
(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 11 of this data sheet.

PIN CONNECTIONS





MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage	V _{CC}	13	Vdc
Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics T _Δ = 25°C			
Maximum Power Dissipation Case 751 (SOP–8) D Suffix	P_{D}	Internally Limited	W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case Case 318E (SOT-223) ST Suffix	$R_{ heta JA} \ R_{ heta JC}$	160 25	°C/W °C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	$egin{array}{c} R_{ heta JA} \ R_{ heta JC} \end{array}$	245 15	°C/W °C/W
Output Current	I ₀	300	mA
Maximum Junction Temperature	TJ	150	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T _A	– 40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	– 65 to +150	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($C_L = 1.0 \ \mu\text{F}, \ T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, for min/max values $T_J = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, Note 1)

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.8 V Suffix 2.5 V Suffix 3.0 V Suffix 3.3 V Suffix 5.0 V Suffix	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{in} = [V_O + 1] V$	Vo	2.475 2.970 3.267 4.950	2.50 3.00 3.30	2.525 3.030 3.333 5.05	Vdc
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2.5 V Suffix 3.0 V Suffix 3.3 V Suffix			2.450 2.940 3.234		2.550 3.060 3.366	
All Suffixes T _A = 25°C Dropout Voltage (Note 3) I _O = 10 mA	Line Regulation		Reg _{line}	_	2.0	10	mV
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Load Regulation		Reg _{load}	-	5.0	25	mV
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	I _O = 10 mA I _O = 100 mA I _O = 250 mA	,	V _{in} – V _O	- - - -	115 220	200 400	mV
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ripple Rejection ((120 Hz) $V_{in(peak-peak)} = [V_O + 1.5] V to [V_O + 5.5] V$	-	65	75	_	dB
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	C _L = 1.0 μF	· ·	V _n	- -		- -	μVrms
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CURRENT PAR	AMETERS					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Quiescent Curren	t ON Mode $V_{in} = [V_O + 1] V$, $I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$	I _{QOn}	-	125	200	μΑ
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Quiescent Curren	t OFF Mode	I _{QOff}	_	0.3	4.0	μΑ
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.8 V Suffix 2.5 V Suffix 3.0 V Suffix 3.3 V Suffix	t ON Mode SAT $V_{in} = [V_O - 0.5] V$, $I_O = 0$ mA (Note 2)	IQSAT	- - - -	1100 1500 1500	1500 2000 2000	μΑ
On/Off Input Voltage $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Current Limit	$V_{in} = [V_O + 1] V, V_O Shorted$	I _{LIMIT}	-	450	-	mA
	ON/OFF INPUTS	3					
THERMAL SHUTDOWN	Logic "1" (Regu Logic "0" (Regu	ilator On) V _{out} = V _O ± 2% ilator Off) V _{out} < 0.03 V	V _{CTRL}		- - -		V
	THERMAL SHU	TDOWN					

^{1.} Low duty pulse techniques are used during test to maintain junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

Thermal Shutdown

Quiescent Current is measured where the PNP pass transistor is in saturation. V_{in} = [V_O - 0.5] V guarantees this condition.
 For 1.8 V version V_{DO} is constrained by the minimum input voltage of 2.5 V.

DEFINITIONS

Load Regulation – The change in output voltage for a change in load current at constant chip temperature.

Dropout Voltage – The input/output differential at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in input voltage. Measured when the output drops 100 mV below its nominal value (which is measured at 1.0 V differential), dropout voltage is affected by junction temperature, load current and minimum input supply requirements.

Output Noise Voltage – The RMS AC voltage at the output with a constant load and no input ripple, measured over a specified frequency range.

Maximum Power Dissipation – The maximum total dissipation for which the regulator will operate within specifications.

Quiescent Current – Current which is used to operate the regulator chip and is not delivered to the load.

Line Regulation – The change in output voltage for a change in the input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse techniques such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

Maximum Package Power Dissipation – The maximum package power dissipation is the power dissipation level at which the junction temperature reaches its maximum value i.e. 150°C. The junction temperature is rising while the

difference between the input power ($V_{CC} \times I_{CC}$) and the output power ($V_{out} \times I_{out}$) is increasing.

Depending on ambient temperature, it is possible to calculate the maximum power dissipation and so the maximum current as following:

$$Pd = \frac{T_J - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The maximum operating junction temperature T_J is specified at 150°C, if $T_A = 25$ °C, then P_D can be found. By neglecting the quiescent current, the maximum power dissipation can be expressed as:

$$I_{out} = \frac{P_D}{V_{CC} - V_{out}}$$

The thermal resistance of the whole circuit can be evaluated by deliberately activating the thermal shutdown of the circuit (by increasing the output current or raising the input voltage for example).

Then you can calculate the power dissipation by subtracting the output power from the input power. All variables are then well known: power dissipation, thermal shutdown temperature (150°C for MC33375) and ambient temperature.

$$R_{\theta JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P_D}$$

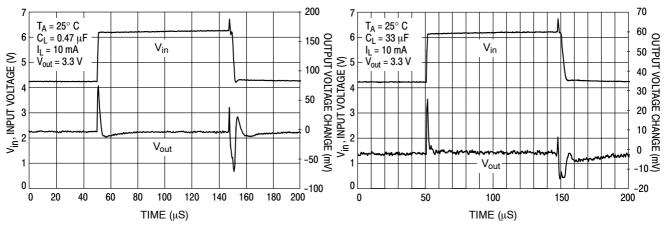


Figure 2. Line Transient Response

Figure 3. Line Transient Response

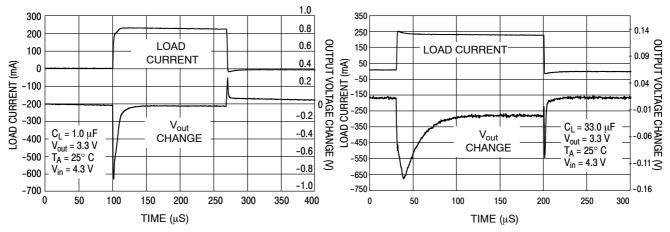


Figure 4. Load Transient Response

Figure 5. Load Transient Response

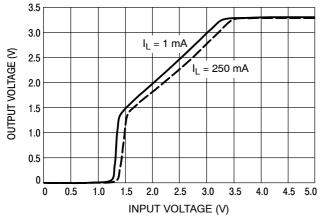


Figure 6. Output Voltage versus Input Voltage

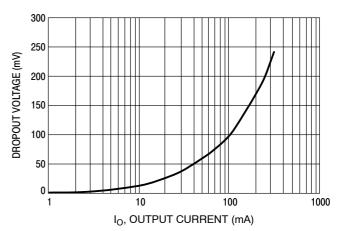


Figure 7. Dropout Voltage versus Output Current

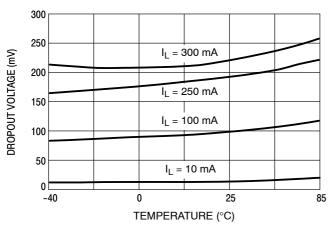


Figure 8. Dropout Voltage versus Temperature

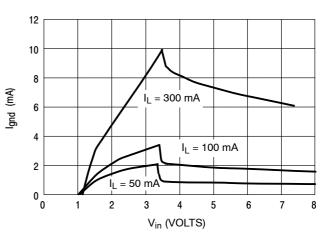


Figure 9. Ground Pin Current versus Input Voltage

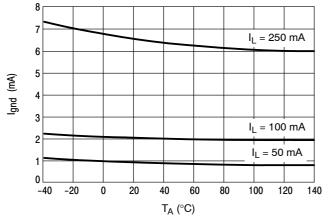


Figure 10. Ground Pin Current versus Ambient Temperature

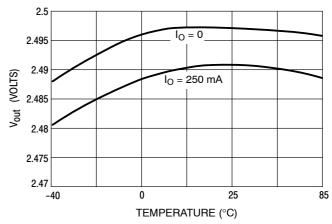


Figure 11. Output Voltage versus Ambient Temperature $(V_{in} = V_{out} + 1V)$

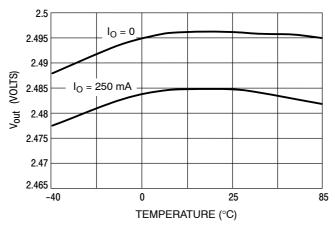


Figure 12. Output Voltage versus Ambient Temperature (V_{in} = 12 V)

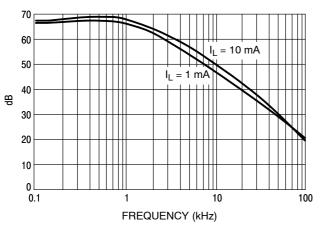


Figure 13. Ripple Rejection

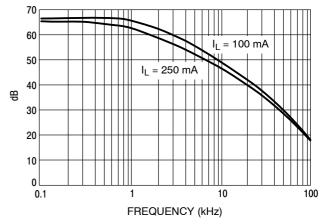


Figure 14. Ripple Rejection

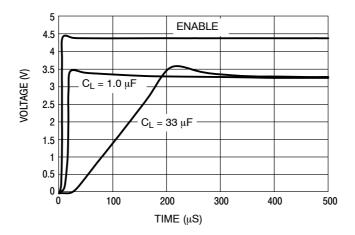


Figure 15. Enable Transient

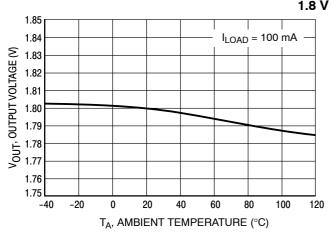


Figure 16. Output Voltage versus Temperature

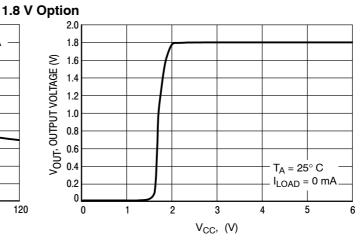


Figure 17. Output Voltage versus Input Voltage

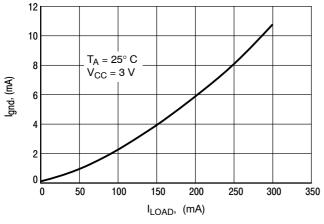


Figure 18. Ground Current versus Load Current

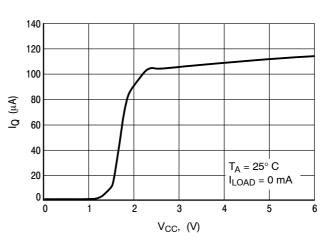


Figure 19. Quiescent Current versus Input Voltage

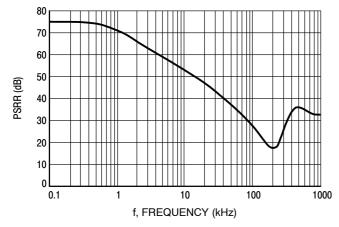


Figure 20. PSRR versus Frequency

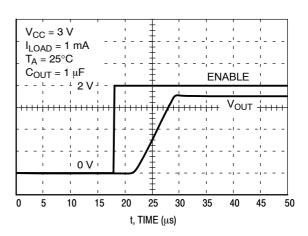


Figure 21. Enable Response

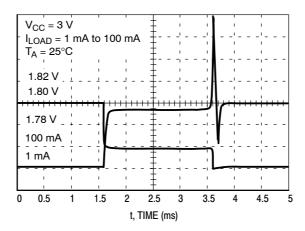


Figure 22. Load Transient Response

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

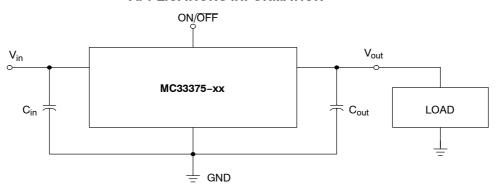


Figure 23. Typical Application Circuit

The MC33375 regulators are designed with internal current limiting and thermal shutdown making them user-friendly. Figure 15 is a typical application circuit. The output capability of the regulator is in excess of 300 mA, with a typical dropout voltage of less than 260 mV. Internal protective features include current and thermal limiting.

EXTERNAL CAPACITORS

These regulators require only a 0.33 µF (or greater) capacitance between the output and ground for stability for 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.0 V, and 3.3 V output voltage options. Output voltage options of 5.0 V require only 0.22 µF for stability. The output capacitor must be mounted as close as possible to the MC33375. If the output capacitor must be mounted further than two centimeters away from the MC33375, then a larger value of output capacitor may be required for stability. A value of 0.68 µF or larger is recommended. Most type of aluminum, tantalum, or multilayer ceramic will perform adequately. Solid tantalums or appropriate multilayer ceramic capacitors are recommended for operation below 25°C. An input bypass capacitor is recommended to improve transient response or if the regulator is connected to the supply input filter with long wire lengths, more than 4 inches. This will reduce the circuit's sensitivity to the input line impedance at high frequencies. A 0.33 μ F or larger tantalum, mylar, ceramic, or other capacitor having low internal impedance at high frequencies should be chosen. The bypass capacitor should be mounted with shortest possible lead or track length directly across the regulator's input terminals. Figure 16 shows the ESR that allows the LDO to remain stable for various load currents.

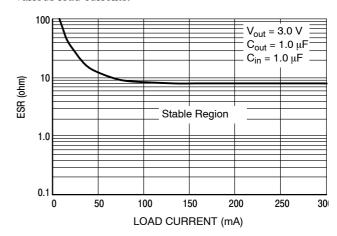


Figure 24. ESR for Vout = 3.0V

Applications should be tested over all operating conditions to insure stability.

THERMAL PROTECTION

Internal thermal limiting circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When activated, typically at 150°C, the output is disabled. There is no hysteresis built into the thermal protection. As a result the output will appear to be oscillating during thermal limit. The output will turn off until the temperature drops below the 150°C then the output turns on again. The process will repeat if the junction increases above the threshold. This will continue until the existing conditions allow the junction to operate below the temperature threshold.

Thermal limit is not a substitute for proper heatsinking.

The internal current limit will typically limit current to 450 mA. If during current limit the junction exceeds 150°C, the thermal protection will protect the device also. **Current limit is not a substitute for proper heatsinking.**

OUTPUT NOISE

In many applications it is desirable to reduce the noise present at the output. Reducing the regulator bandwidth by increasing the size of the output capacitor will reduce the noise on the MC33375.

ON/OFF PIN

When this pin is pulled low, the MC33375 is off. This pin should not be left floating. The pin should be pulled high for the MC33375 to operate.

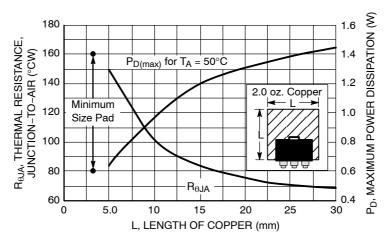


Figure 25. SOT-223 Thermal Resistance and Maximum Power Dissipation versus P.C.B. Copper Length

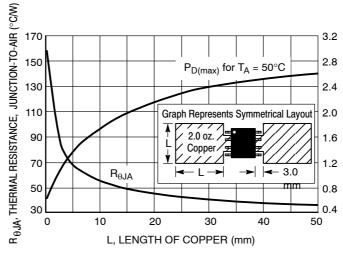


Figure 26. SOP-8 Thermal Resistance and Maximum Power Dissipation versus P.C.B. Copper Length

ORDERING INFORMATION

Durter	T	Operating Temperature Range,	Bartana	Obtained
Device	Туре	Tolerance	Package	Shipping [†]
MC33375ST-1.8T3			SOT-223	
MC33375ST-1.8T3G	(Fixed Voltage)		SOT-223 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel
NCV33375ST1.8T3G*				
MC33375D-2.5		-	SOIC-8	
MC33375D-2.5G			SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
MC33375D-2.5R2			SOIC-8	
MC33375D-2.5R2G	2.5 V (Fixed Voltage)		SOIC-8	2500 / Tape & Reel
NCV33375D-2.5R2G*	((Pb-Free)	
MC33375ST-2.5T3			SOT-223	
MC33375ST-2.5T3G			SOT-223 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel
MC33375D-3.0			SOIC-8	
MC33375D-3.0G			SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
MC33375D-3.0R2			SOIC-8	
MC33375D-3.0R2G	3.0 V (Fixed Voltage)	1% Tolerance at T _A = 25°C	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
MC33375ST-3.0T3		2% Tolerance at T _J from -40 to +125°C	SOT-223	
MC33375ST-3.0T3G			SOT-223 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel
MC33375D-3.3			SOIC-8	
MC33375D-3.3G			SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
MC33375D-3.3R2			SOIC-8	
MC33375D-3.3R2G	3.3 V (Fixed Voltage)		SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
MC33375ST-3.3T3			SOT-223	
MC33375ST-3.3T3G			SOT-223	4000 / Tape & Reel
NCV33375ST3.3T3G*			(Pb-Free)	
MC33375D-5.0			SOIC-8	
MC33375D-5.0G			SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
MC33375D-5.0R2	-		SOIC-8	
MC33375D-5.0R2G	5.0 V (Fixed Voltage)		SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
MC33375ST-5.0T3			SOT-223	
MC33375ST-5.0T3G	1		SOT-223 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

^{*}NCV prefix for automotive and other applications requiring site and change controls.

DEVICE MARKING

Device	Version	Marking (1st line)
MC33375, NCV33375	1.8 V	37518
MC33375, NCV33375	2.5 V	37525
MC33375	3.0 V	37530
MC33375, NCV33375	3.3 V	37533
MC33375	5.0 V	37550

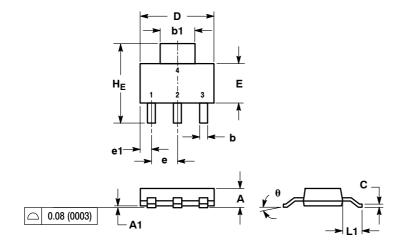
TAPE AND REEL SPECIFICATIONS†

Device	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
MC33375D, NCV33375D	13″	12 mm Embossed Tape	2500 Units
MC33375ST, NCV33375ST	13″	8 mm Embossed Tape	4000 Units

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-223 (TO-261) CASE 318E-04 **ISSUE M**



NOTES:

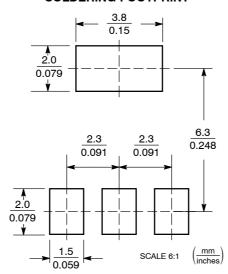
- VIL-5.

 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14-5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

	MILLIMETERS			INCHES		
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	1.50	1.63	1.75	0.060	0.064	0.068
A1	0.02	0.06	0.10	0.001	0.002	0.004
b	0.60	0.75	0.89	0.024	0.030	0.035
b1	2.90	3.06	3.20	0.115	0.121	0.126
С	0.24	0.29	0.35	0.009	0.012	0.014
D	6.30	6.50	6.70	0.249	0.256	0.263
E	3.30	3.50	3.70	0.130	0.138	0.145
е	2.20	2.30	2.40	0.087	0.091	0.094
e1	0.85	0.94	1.05	0.033	0.037	0.041
L1	1.50	1.75	2.00	0.060	0.069	0.078
HE	6.70	7.00	7.30	0.264	0.276	0.287
θ	0°	-	10°	0°	-	10°

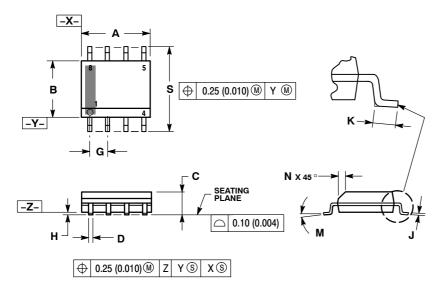
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-8 NB CASE 751-07 **ISSUE AJ**

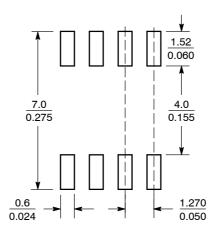


NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE
- MOLD PROTRUSION
- MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE
- DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- 751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751-07.

	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES
DIM	MIN MAX		MIN	MAX
Α	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
С	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
D	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020
G	1.27	1.27 BSC		0 BSC
Н	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
J	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
M	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



(mm inches SCALE 6:1

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free USA/Canada

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